#### DTN7

An Open-Source Disruption-tolerant Networking Implementation of Bundle Protocol 7

Alvar Penning, Lars Baumgärtner, Jonas Höchst, Artur Sterz, Mira Mezini, Bernd Freisleben

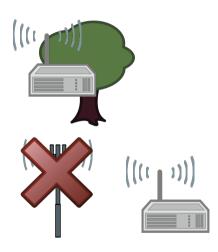
AdHoc-Now 2019



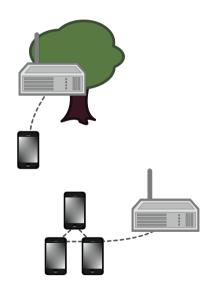


- ► Situations without a reliable uplink
  - ► Environmental monitoring in remote areas
  - ► Destroyed telecommunication infrastructure
  - ► Internet access is blocked

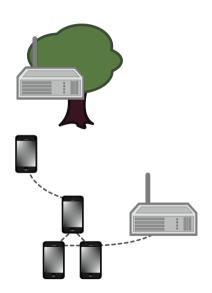
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  - ► Hop-by-hop transport
  - Opportunistic or scheduled contacts to neighbors
  - ► Allows large time window between two transmissions



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## DTN7

#### This brings us to DTN7...

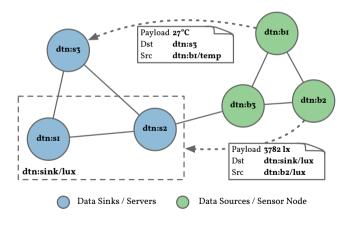
- ► Free and open-source DTN software
- ► Written in the Go programming language
- Modularized design, easy to extend
- ► Implementation of the recently released Bundle Protocol (BP)

# Bundle Protocol Version 7 (BP)

- ► Describes both a DTN architecture and protocol
- ► Still in development, but nearly finished
- ► Latest draft (version 14) was released on 04.08.2019
- ► Aims to obsolete Bundle Protocol Version 6, RFC 5050

## Nodes and Endpoints

- ▶ Nodes are identified by an Endpoint ID (URI), e.g., dtn:node
- ► A node might be addressed by multiple Endpoint IDs
- ► An Endpoint ID might represent multiple nodes



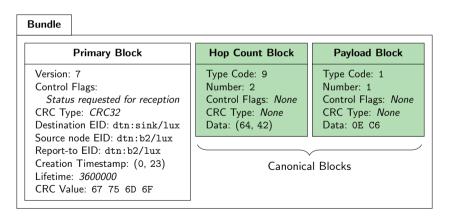
- ► BP packets are called Bundles
- ► A Bundle is a sequence of Blocks
- ▶ Binary represented in CBOR, RFC 7049

undle		
Primary Block	Hop Count Block	Payload Block
Version: 7 Control Flags: Status requested for reception CRC Type: CRC32 Destination EID: dtn:sink/lux Source node EID: dtn:b2/lux Report-to EID: dtn:b2/lux Creation Timestamp: (0, 23) Lifetime: 3600000 CRC Value: 67 75 6D 6F	Type Code: 9 Number: 2 Control Flags: <i>None</i> CRC Type: <i>None</i> Data: (64, 42)	Type Code: 1 Number: 1 Control Flags: <i>None</i> CRC Type: <i>None</i> Data: 0E C6

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## Bundle Exchange

- ► Convergence Layer
  - ► Transport technology for Bundles between nodes
  - ► Implemented: MTCP, TCP
  - ► Possible: Bluetooth, LoRa, Email, QR code, Pigeon, . . .
- ► Routing
  - ► Selection of neighbors for Bundle delivery
  - ► Implemented: DTLSR, Spray and Wait, Epidemic Routing

# Other DTN7 Components

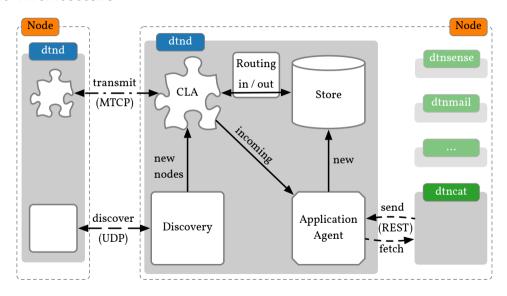
- ► Store for Bundles that are waiting for delivery
- ► RESTful API to dispatch and fetch Bundles
- ► Peer Discovery to detect nearby nodes

## DTN7 Programs

- ▶ dtnd: DTN daemon
- ▶ dtncat: command line tool

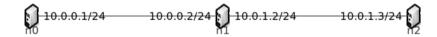
```
# Sending a Bundle
$ dtncat send http://localhost:8080/ dtn:sink/lux <<< "3782ulx"
# Retrieving a received Bundle
$ dtncat fetch http://localhost:8080/</pre>
```

## DTN7 Architecture

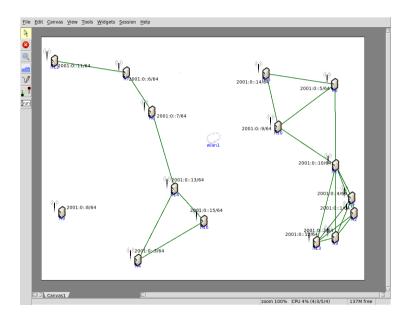


#### **Evaluation**

- ▶ Up to 64 nodes emulated in the Common Open Research Emulator (CORE)
- ► Nodes are connected pairwise in a chain topology
- ► Simulated IEEE 802.11g network, 54 MBit/s



# CORE



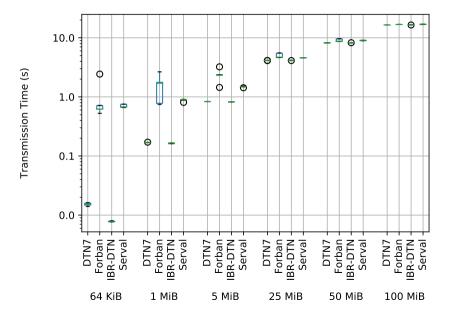
## **Evaluation**

- ► Payload Size
  - ► 64 KiB: compressed image
  - ▶ 1 MiB: small image / short audio recording
  - ► 5 MiB: smartphone image / audio recording
  - ► 25 MiB: longer audio recording / short video
  - ► 50 MiB: HD video
  - ► 100 MiB: 4K smartphone video

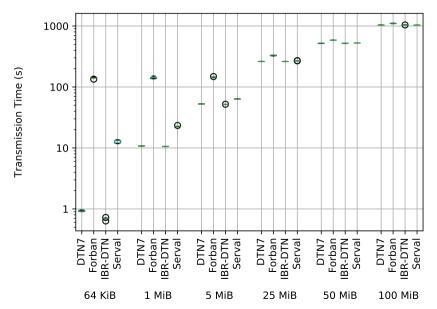
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- ► DTN Software
  - ► DTN7
  - ► Forban
  - ► IBR-DTN
  - Serval

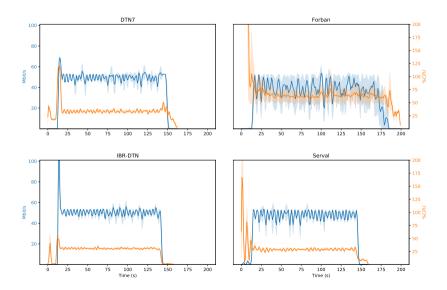
## Transmission Time: Two Nodes



## Transmission Time: 64 Nodes



# CPU and Network Usage: 32 Nodes, 25 MiB



Implementation of Bundle Protocol 7

https://dtn7.github.io/

DTN7

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